

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

Claims 1 to 10. (canceled)

Claim 11. (currently amended) A method for ~~inhibiting~~
~~reducing~~ mycotoxin contamination in ~~cereals~~ a cereal comprising
~~the step of inhibiting production of mycotoxin by fungi on a~~
~~cereal by~~ applying to the cereal an ~~effective~~ amount of at least
one compound [[A]] effective for inhibiting production of
mycotoxin by plant pathogenic fungi of cereals selected from the
group consisting of an ammonium ~~salts~~ salt of phosphorous acid,
an ammonium ~~salts~~ salt of a phosphorous acid ~~esters~~ ester, a
primary to a quaternary ammonium ~~salts~~ salt of phosphorous acid,
a primary to a quaternary ammonium ~~salts~~ salt of a phosphorous
acid ~~esters~~ ester, an alkali metal ~~salts~~ salt of phosphorous
acid, an alkali metal ~~salts~~ salt of a phosphorous acid ~~esters~~
ester, an alkaline earth metal ~~salts~~ salt of phosphorous acid, an
alkaline earth metal ~~salts~~ salt of a phosphorous acid ~~esters~~

ester, a polyvalent metal ~~salts~~ salt of phosphorous acid, a polyvalent metal ~~salts~~ salt of a phosphorous acid ~~esters~~ ester, and combinations thereof.

Claim 12. (currently amended) The method according to claim 11, wherein the compound [[A]] is an alkali metal salt or a polyvalent metal salt of phosphorous acid or of a phosphorous acid ~~esters~~ ester.

Claim 13. (currently amended) The method according to claim 11, wherein the compound [[A]] is an alkali metal salt of phosphorous acid.

Claim 14. (currently amended) The method according to claim 11, wherein the compound [[A]] is an aluminium salt of tris(ethylphosphonate).

Claim 15. (currently amended) The method according to claim 11, wherein the compound [[A]] is potassium phosphite.

Claim 16. (currently amended) A method for ~~inhibiting~~
~~reducing~~ mycotoxin contamination in ~~cereals~~ a cereal comprising
~~the step of inhibiting production of mycotoxin by fungi on a~~
~~cereal by~~ applying to the cereal (i) an ~~effective~~ amount of at
least one compound [[A]] ~~effective for inhibiting production of~~
mycotoxin plant pathogenic fungi of cereals, the compound
selected from the group consisting of an ammonium ~~salts~~ salt of
phosphorous acid, an ammonium ~~salts~~ salt of a phosphorous acid
~~esters~~ ester, a primary to quaternary ammonium ~~salts~~ salt of
phosphorous acid, a primary to quaternary ammonium ~~salts~~ salt of
a phosphorous acid ~~esters~~ ester, an alkali metal ~~salts~~ salt of
phosphorous acid, an alkali metal ~~salts~~ salt of a phosphorous
acid ~~esters~~ ester, an alkaline earth metal ~~salts~~ salt of
phosphorous acid, an alkaline earth metal ~~salts~~ salt of a
phosphorous acid ~~esters~~ ester, a polyvalent metal ~~salts~~ salt of
phosphorous acid, a polyvalent metal ~~salts~~ salt of a phosphorous
acid ~~esters~~ ester, and combinations thereof, and (ii) an
effective amount of at least one fungicidal active ingredient for
agri-horticulture.

Claim 17. (currently amended) The method according to claim 16₁ wherein the compound **[[A]]** is an alkali metal salt or a polyvalent metal salt of phosphorous acid or of a phosphorous acid ~~esters~~ ester.

Claim 18. (currently amended) The method according to claim 16₁ wherein the compound **[[A]]** is an alkali metal salt of phosphorous acid.

Claim 19. (currently amended) The method according to claim 16₁ wherein the compound **[[A]]** is an aluminium salt of tris(ethylphosphonate).

Claim 20. (currently amended) The method according to claim **[[16]]**₁ wherein the compound **[[A]]** is potassium phosphite.

Claim 21. (currently amended) The method according to claim 16₁ wherein the at least one fungicidal active ingredient for agri-horticulture is selected from the group consisting of an

inhibitor of sterol biosynthesis having a triazole skeleton, a methoxyacrylate based fungicidal agent, a fungicidal agent which causes destruction of a membrane lipid bilayer structure of fungi [[,]] and sulfur [[,]] ~~and combinations thereof.~~

Claim 22. (currently amended) The method according to claim 16, wherein the at least one fungicidal active ingredient for agri-horticulture is selected from the group consisting of tebuconazole, metconazole, propiconazole, azoxystrobin, kresoxim-methyl, iminoctadine acetate, iminoctadine albesilate, trifloxystrobin [[,]] and sulfur [[,]] ~~and combinations thereof.~~

Claim 23. (currently amended) The method according to claim 16, wherein the at least one fungicidal active ingredient for agri-horticulture is selected from the group of azoxystrobin, iminoctadine acetate [[,]] and iminoctadine albesilate [[,]] ~~and combinations thereof.~~

Claim 24. (currently amended) The method according to claim 16, wherein the compound [[A]] is an alkali metal salt or a

polyvalent metal salt of phosphorous acid or of a phosphorous acid ~~esters~~ ester, and the at least one fungicidal active ingredient for agri-horticulture is selected from the group consisting of tebuconazole, metconazole, propiconazole, azoxystrobin, kresoxim-methyl, iminoctadine acetate, iminoctadine albesilate, trifloxystrobin [[,]] and sulfur [[,]] and ~~combinations thereof.~~

Claim 25. (currently amended) The method according to claim 16, wherein the compound [[A]] is an alkali metal salt of phosphorous acid, and the fungicidal active ingredient for agrihorticulture is selected from the group consisting of tebuconazole, metconazole, propiconazole, azoxystrobin, kresoxim-methyl, iminoctadine acetate, iminoctadine albesilate, trifloxystrobin [[,]] and sulfur [[,]] ~~and combinations thereof.~~

Claim 26. (currently amended) The method according to claim 16, wherein the compound [[A]] is an aluminium salt of tris(ethylphosphonate), and the at least one fungicidal active ingredient for agri-horticulture is selected from the group

consisting of tebuconazole, metconazole, propiconazole, azoxystrobin, kresoxim-methyl, iminoctadine acetate, iminoctadine albesilate, trifloxystrobin [[,]] and sulfur [[,]] and combinations thereof.

Claim 27. (currently amended) The method according to claim 16, wherein the compound [[A]] is potassium phosphite, and the at least one fungicidal active ingredient for agri-horticulture is selected from the group consisting of tebuconazole, metconazole, propiconazole, azoxystrobin, kresoxim-methyl, iminoctadine acetate, iminoctadine albesilate, trifloxystrobin [[,]] and sulfur [[,]] and combinations thereof.

Claim 28. (currently amended) The method according to claim 16, wherein the compound [[A]] is potassium phosphite and the at least one fungicidal active ingredient for agri-horticulture is selected from the group consisting of azoxystrobin, iminoctadine acetate [[,]] and iminoctadine albesilate [[,]] and combinations thereof.

Claim 29. (currently amended) The method according to any
[[one]] of claims 11 [[-]] to 28, wherein said cereal is wheat.

Claim 30. (currently amended) The method according to any
of claims 11 [[- 29]] to 28, wherein the mycotoxin is
deoxynivalenol.

Claim 31. (currently amended) A method [[of]] for reducing
mycotoxin contamination in ~~cereals~~ a cereal comprising ~~the step~~
~~of reducing the production of mycotoxin by fungi on a cereal by~~
applying to the cereal an ~~effective~~ amount of potassium phosphite
~~to the cereal~~ effective for inhibiting production of mycotoxin by
plant pathogenic fungi of cereals.

Claim 32. (currently amended) The method according to claim
31, wherein the mycotoxin is deoxynivalenol.

Claim 33. (currently amended) The method according to claim
31, wherein the cereal is wheat.

Claim 34. (currently amended) The method according to claim 32, wherein the cereal is wheat.

Claim 35. (new) The method according to claim 1, wherein the cereal is wheat; the mycotoxin is deoxynivalenol; the deoxynivalenol is reduced to 1.1 ppm or less; and the compound is potassium phosphite.